

## Introduction



Outcome-based Education (OBE) emphasizes on many components in terms of student achievement in a program. The most important components are the Program Outcomes (POs), Program Educational Objectives (PEOs) and Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs). POs, as stated by NBA, represent the knowledge, skills and attitudes the students should have at the end of a four-year engineering program in India, whereas, PEOs are broad statements that describe the career and professional accomplishments in three to five years after graduation that the program is preparing graduates to achieve. PSOs are statements that describe what the graduates of a specific engineering program should be able to do. Other important components are Course Objectives, Course Outcomes and Lecture Outcomes. A course objective broadly describes what a faculty member will cover in a course, whereas Course Outcomes are the detailed description of the abilities what a student must acquire at the conclusion of a course. They are the resultant knowledge, skills and attributes the student acquires at the end of a course. It defines the cognitive processes a course provides. Lecture Outcomes state what students will know or

## Genesis

be able to do as a result of one-hour session or activity. They can also be expressed as knowledge, skills, or attitudes.

Outcome mapping facilitates the alignment of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes and Program Specific Outcomes. It allows faculty members to create a visual map of a program. It is also used to explore how students are meeting Program Outcomes at the course level. Outcomes mapping mainly focuses on student learning. Every COs should be mapped to different POs and PSOs based on their influence of COs on them.

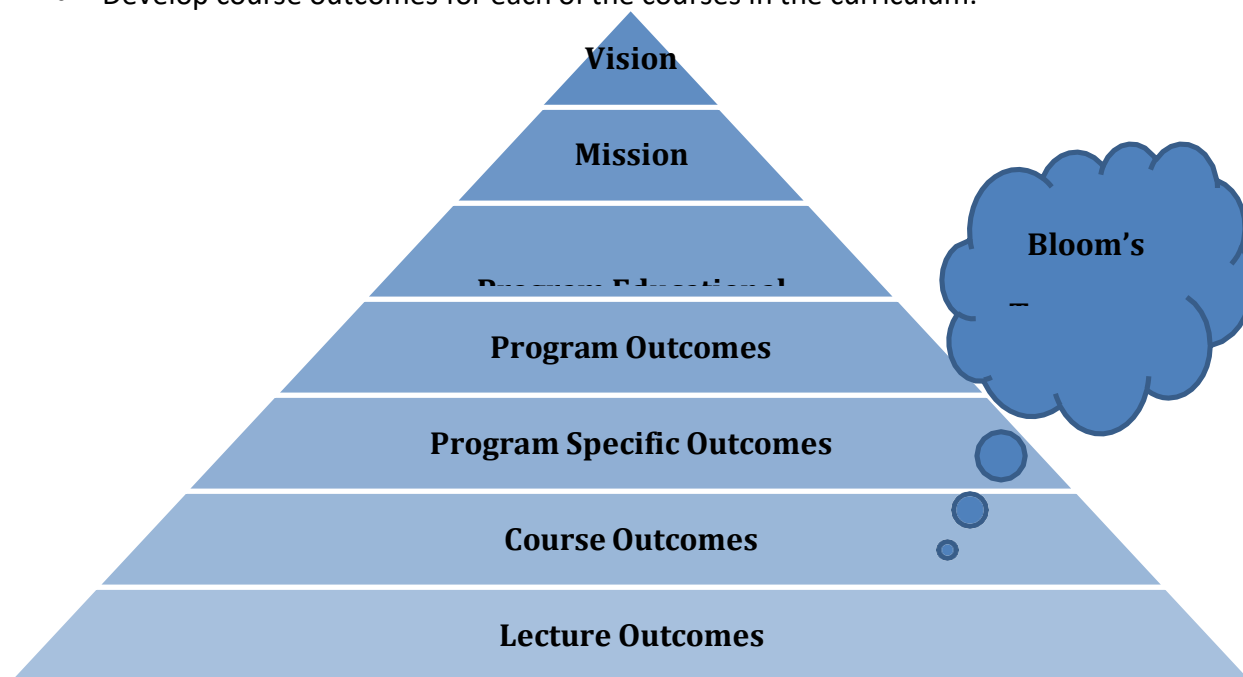
## Process to identify COs

In the process to map COs with POs and PSOs, the Course Outcomes are designed in such a way so that they can fulfill the requirements of Program Outcomes and Program Specific Outcomes. The keywords used to identify COs, bloom's taxonomy has been referred in conjunction with the course syllabus. The Course Outcomes are designed by Course Coordinators and finalized by Quality Improvement Committee (QIC) to achieve the Vision of the department with the help of its mission statements. In order to attain the defined COs in effective and efficient manner, course coordinators design the Lecture Outcomes in line with Course Outcome.

The following steps are used to formulate course outcome:

- Detail study of Program Outcomes and Program Specific Outcomes.
- Identification of keywords from the Program Outcomes and Program Specific Outcomes.
- Identification of keywords from Bloom's Taxonomy which can be mapped with keywords identified from Program Outcomes.
- Conjunction of keywords with the course curriculum.
- Draft course outcomes for each of the courses in the curriculum according to Program Outcome and using mapping verb from Bloom's Taxonomy.
- There are two parts of each course outcome: action verbs and learning statement.
- Identification of the questions to be used to assess the Course Outcome and fulfill the requirements of Program Outcomes.
- Evaluation of questions based on two parameters:

- Does CO1 reflects the intended measurement from PO1?
- Does the assessment correlates well with the CO?
- Based on the above parameters, the COs are finalized along with their mapping with POs(Substantially, Moderately or Slightly).
- Develop course outcomes for each of the courses in the curriculum.



**Figure: 23.1: Levels of outcome development**

## Process to map COs with POs and PSOs

The strength of mapping of COs with POs and PSOs are defined at three levels:

Level#1: Slight or Low

Level#2: Moderate or Medium

Level#3: Substantial or High

Method used to define the correlation level is based on the course hours devoted to the specific Course Outcome which address the given Program Outcome. Following formula has been used to show the connection between a single Course Outcome and Program Outcome and Program Specific Outcome. The COs-POs and COs-PSOs mapping depends on two factors: first, the learning level and second, the hours provided for that learning level. There are three learning levels are identified for this purpose.

Learning Level	% of hours required
Master	$\geq 40\%$
Reinforce	$< 40\%$ and $\geq 25\%$
Understanding	$\leq 25\%$ and $\geq 10\%$

Introduction	Less than <10%
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If hours devoted to the specific PO and PSO is to achieve Master level of learning, which is greater than or equals to 40% of total number of hours allotted to the specific Course Outcome, then the correlation level will be Substantial. If hours devoted to the specific PO and PSO is to achieve Reinforce level of learning, which is less than 40% and greater than or equals to 25% of total number of hours allotted to the specific Course Outcome, then the correlation level will be Moderate.

If hours devoted to the specific PO and PSO is to achieve Understanding level of learning, which is less than 25% and greater than or equals to 10% of total number of hours allotted to the specific Course Outcome, then the correlation level will be Slight. In case the hours devoted to the specific PO or PSO is just to introduce the concept, which is less than 10%, that PO or PSO is not considered for correlation with COs.

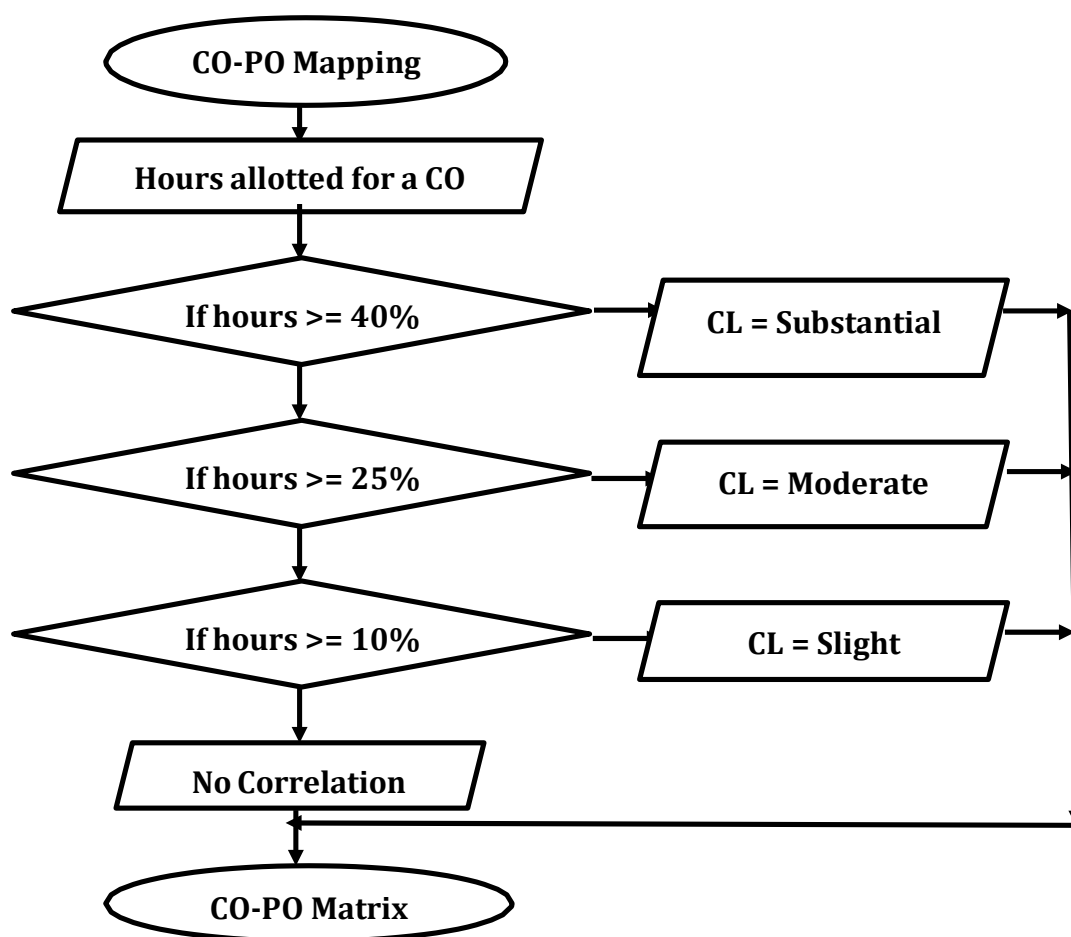
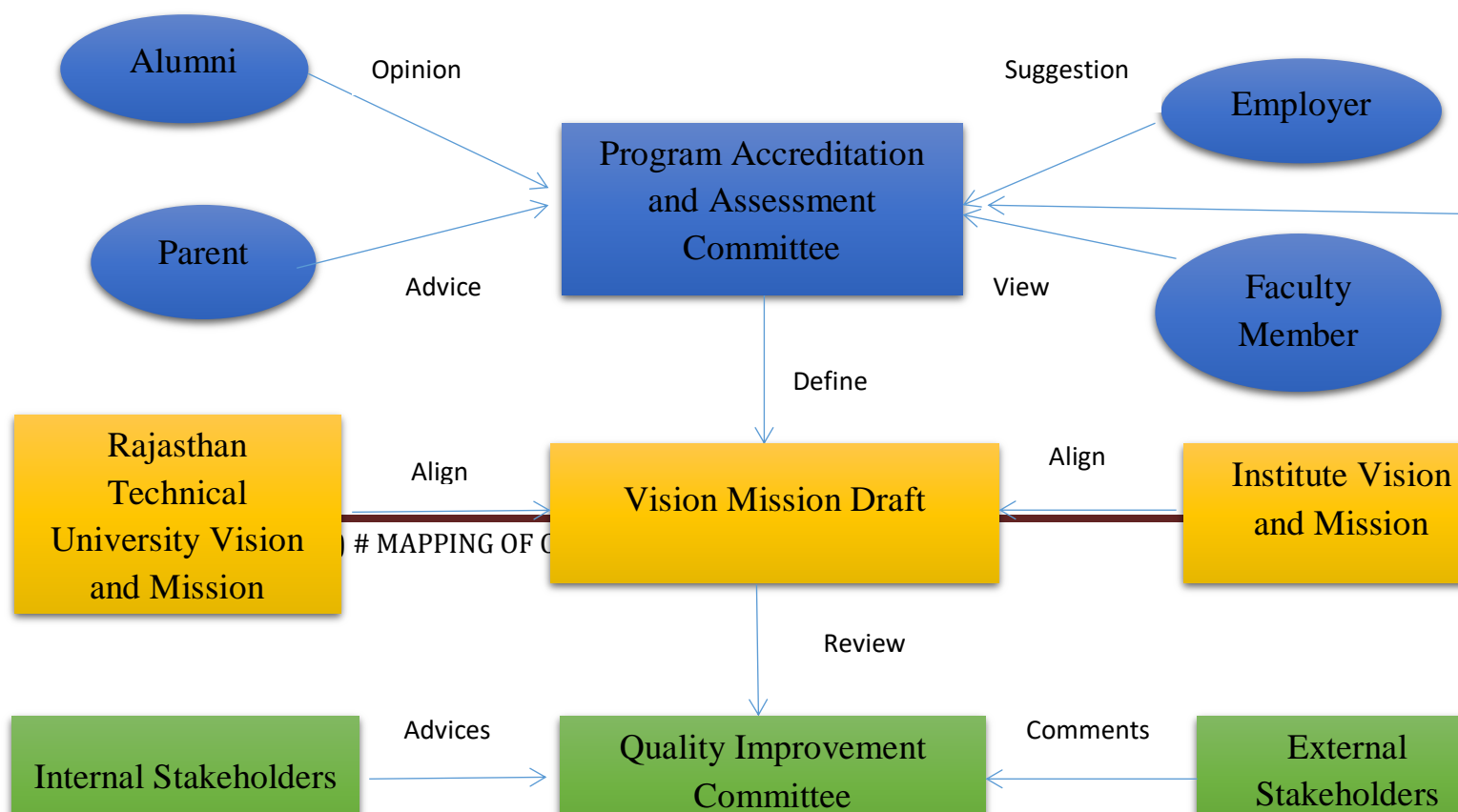


Figure: 23.1: Levels of outcome development

process for defining the Vision and Mission of the Department, and PEOs of the program

### **PROCESS FOR DEFINING THE VISION AND MISSION OF THE DEPARTMENT**

The Institute has been established in the year 2007 with the vision to create knowledge based society and to become valuable resource for enriching mankind. The Department of Computer Engineering has been incepted in same year with the objective to create an environment to produce competent technocrats and innovators. The Department level Committee has executed SWOT analysis on performance of the first Batch of BTech(CS) graduated in the year 2011, according to the objectives and presented report to governing council. **Seventh** meeting of The Governing Council of the institute was conducted on 9th September 2011. With reference to swot Analysis presented in the meeting, it was proposed by the Chairman to define the department's Vision, Mission and Program Educational Objectives (PEOs) in line to the Vision, Mission of the institute. The Program Accreditation Assessment Committee (PAAC) has been formed on principle's notice to develop and establish Vision, Mission and Program Education objectives of the department and program respectively. The PAAC consists of Head of the Department, senior faculty members, employers, parents and alumni. The meeting of PAAC was conducted on 11th November, 2011 to define Vision, Mission and PEOs. In this meeting inputs and views were taken from all Committee members. The first draft was sent to Quality Improvement Committee (QIC) for approval. QIC conducted survey and took advices and comments from all internal and External stakeholders and then QIC suggested some amendments based on the inputs, feedbacks, surveys and experiences of all stakeholders. In the next meeting of PAAC vision, mission and PEOs are corrected and finalized by QIC. After getting improvement and suggestions received from QIC, the second meeting of PAAC was organized to finalize the vision, mission and PEOs after incorporating suggestions made by QIC. The Vision, Mission and PEOs were presented to Governing Council for approval. The mission statements are reviewed on yearly basis by the PAAC so that latest trends and scenarios can be adopted in the field of Computer Engineering.



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Vision Mission Published

Figure# 1

### **PROCESS FOR DEFINING THE PROGRAM EDUCATION OBJECTIVES OF THE DEPARTMENT**

Program Education objectives are designed in line of Department vision and mission. The draft was framed during the interactions between Academician, industry professionals, Students, Industry employers, Management, Professional societies and Alumni at various platforms. Data required for the same is collected and compiled by Program Accreditation and Assessment Committee (PAAC). The feedback, suggestions and advices from committee members were compiled, consolidated and presented in the form of draft to QIC for review. QIC conducted survey and took advices and comments from all internal and External stakeholders and then QIC suggested some amendments based on the inputs, feedbacks, surveys and experiences of all stakeholders. After getting reviews, suggestions were incorporated in Program education objectives. PEOs were published and disseminated after approval from Governing Council.



## Stages to finalize the PEOs

### Stage 1: Information collection and compilation

The feedback, suggestions and advices that are evolved during the interactions between Faculty-industry professionals, Students, Industry employers, Management, Department, Professional societies and Alumni at various platforms are collected and compiled.

### Stage 2: Information Examination

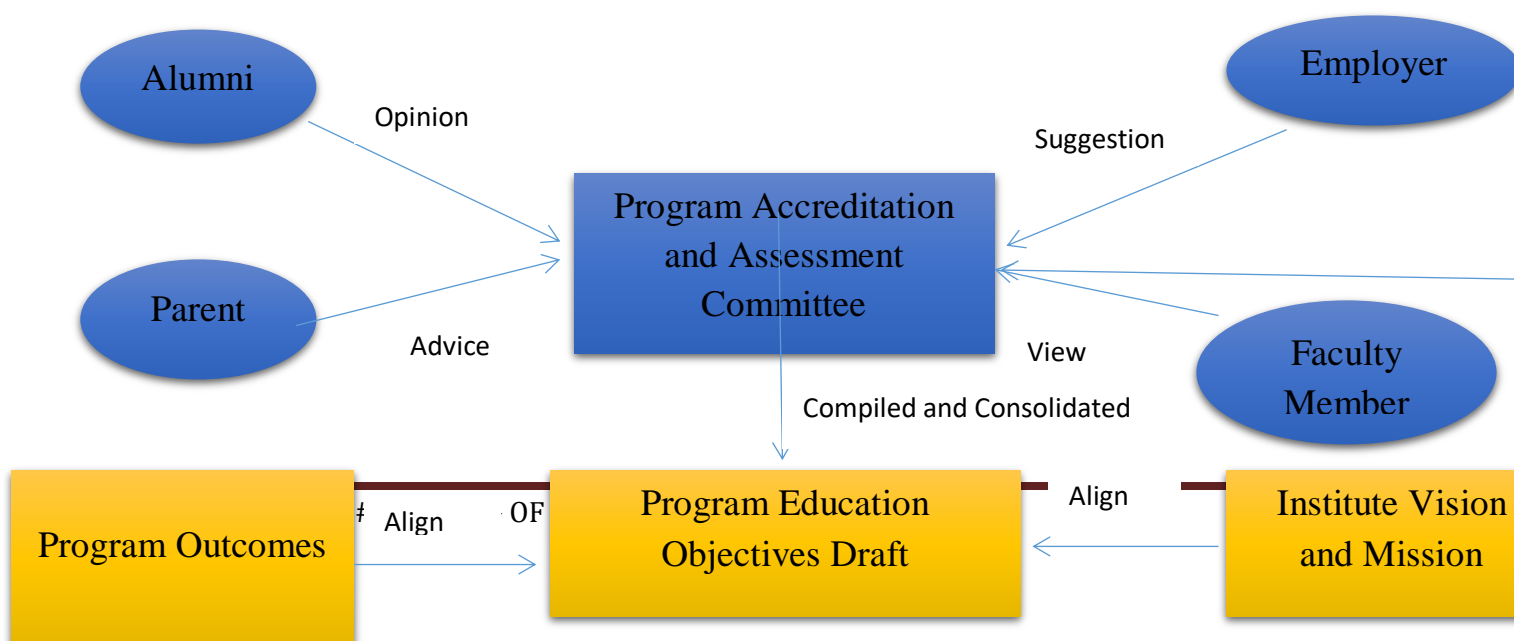
The Program Accreditation Assessment Committee (PAAC) analyzed the collected data during its meetings. Reviewed proposal was sent to QIC for the approval.

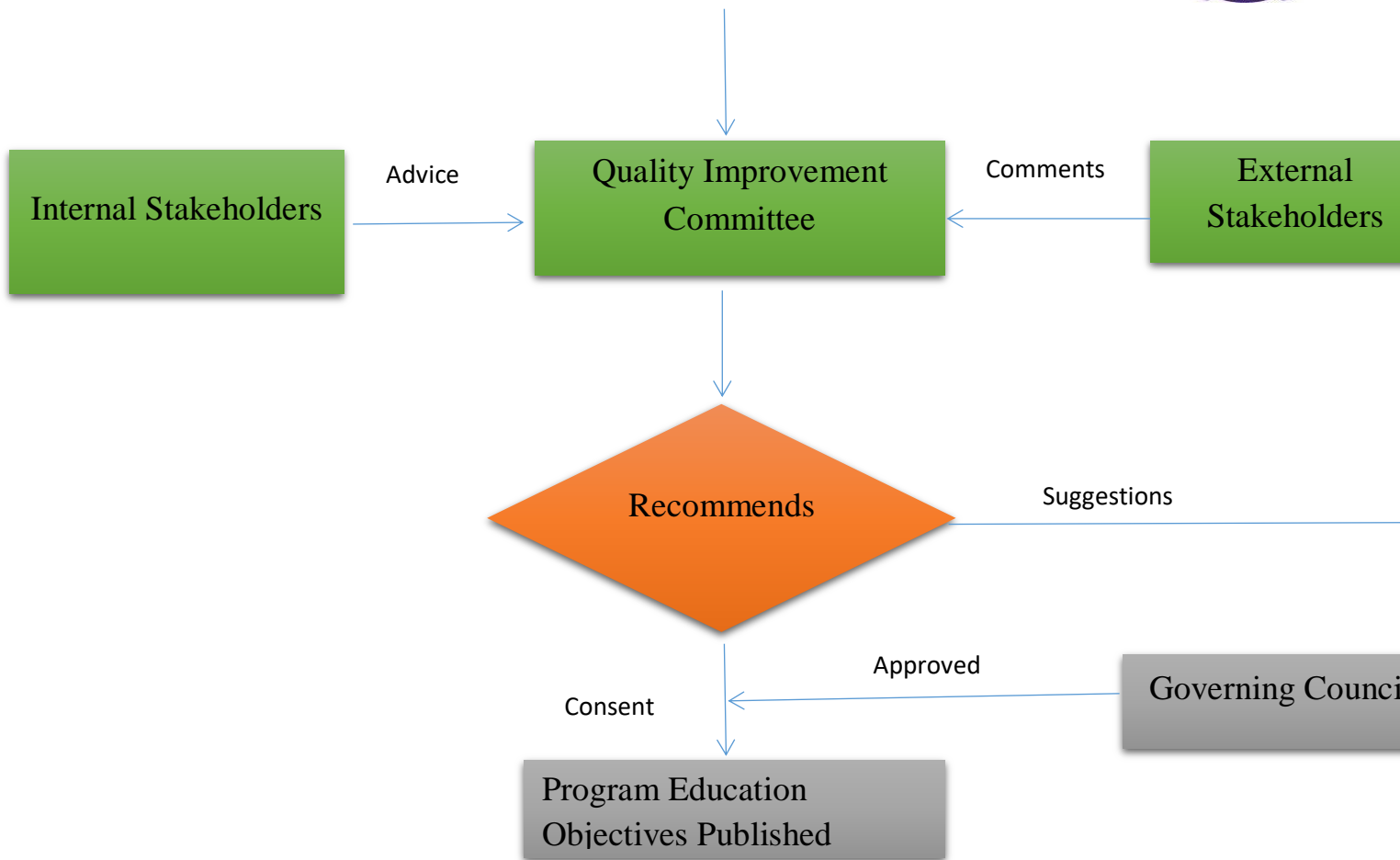
### Stage 3: Defining PEOs

Based on the analysis of the data, the PEO statements were framed. Based on the suggestions made by QIC, Program Education objectives revised according to the needs of students and department.

### Stage 4: Establishing PEOs

A meeting was conducted with all the stake holders of the program to establish the Program Educational Objectives of the department. After finalizing program education objectives, they were published and disseminated among all the stakeholders through various medium.





Figure# 1.4.2

## 1.5. Establish consistency of PEOs with Mission of the Department

To establish consistency between Program Education Objectives (PEOs) and Mission statements various interactions were organized among internal and external stakeholders. Program Accreditation and Assessment Committee (PAAC) has framed Vision, Mission and Program Educational Objectives after consulting with all committee members. Program Education Objectives were aligned with Vision, Mission of the Department and Program Outcomes (POs). The following measures were used to improve consistency between Mission and program Education Objective.

- Interaction between Teachers and Industry Professionals assisted in knowing latest technologies and understanding current industry requirements to align Mission with PEOs.
- Summer Internship Programs, Campus Connect program by Infosys and Industry Institute interaction helped to be up-to-date with growing technological needs.

- The up gradation of Curriculum, Inclusion of Internship program and by affiliated Rajasthan Technical University enriched program effectiveness.
- Workshops, Faculty Trainings , Special Lectures by Industry resource persons gave exposure and insights on the current trends and future developments.
- Professional Societies helped to shared knowledge and exchanged ideas on the emerging sectors.
- A periodical interaction between the following is arranged:
  - Faculty-industry professionals,
  - Students-Employers,
  - Industry resource person-Students-Faculty
  - Alumni- Existing graduate students-Faculty

**The PEOs are correlated to the Department mission in a number of ways and with varying degrees of applicability. These relations are explained below**

Table#1.5.1

PEO's	Mission of the Department
<b><i>PEO1: Core Competence</i></b> To understand, analyze design and develop the technical specification  To provide engineering solution of research oriented problem  To create products for the society in the field of computer engineering.	M1:-To Develop Competent Engineer  M2:-To Improve Design and Execution skill  M3:-To Develop socially responsible Technical Expert M4:To Contribute to the research and Discovery

<b>PEO2: Cognitive Intelligence</b> To lead the upcoming generation towards creation and innovation  To use emerging cutting-edge technology with effective communication skills and leadership quality.	M4: To Contribute to the research and Discovery  M3:-To Develop socially responsible Technical Expert
<b>PEO3: Professional Skills</b> To work efficiently as competent engineer  To become ethical and responsible towards themselves, team members, society and the nation.	M1:-To Develop Competent Engineer  M3:-To Develop socially responsible Technical Expert

Table#1.5.2

Components of PEOs	Components of Mission			
	To Develop Competent Engineer	To Improve Design and Execution skill	To Develop socially responsible Technical Expert	To Contribute to the research and Discovery
Core competence	3	3	1	2
Cognitive Intelligence			2	3
Professional Skill	2		3	

Table#1.5.3

	MISSION		
<b>PEO</b>	To develop competent professional with innovative mindset, problem solving, design and implementation skills through excellent under graduate education.	To provide platform to students so that they can expertise themselves as a computer professional, entrepreneurs or as a manager while fulfilling their ethical and social responsibility in a globally	To contribute significantly to the research and discovery of new arenas of methods and knowledge in the field of computer engineering.
P: 23 (2019-2020) # MAPPING OF CO WITH POs			12

		competitive environment	
<b>PEO1: Core Competence</b> Graduates will be able to understand, analyze design and develop the technical specification and provide engineering solution of research oriented problem to create products for the society in the field of computer engineering.	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>